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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/588,086	07/31/2006	Tadashi Yoneda	Q79826	4024
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2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			HA, JULIE	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/588,086	YONEDA, TADASHI	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
•	Julie Ha	1654	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (a) In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters,	•	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-19 are subject to restriction and/or expressions.	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed onis /are: a) accomplicated any accomplication and accomplicated and any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applic rity documents have been rece u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group 1, claim(s) 1-10 and 19, drawn to an oil-based thickening composition comprising (a) an anionic surfactant having a lipopeptide structure, (b) water and/or polyhydric alcohol having a valence of 3 or more, (c) tocopherol compound and (d) an oil component and a cosmetic comprising the oil-based thickening composition.

Group 2, claim(s) 11-18, drawn to a method for improving storage stability of an oil-based thickening gel composition.

- 2. The inventions listed as Groups 1-2 do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the special technical feature is the composition comprising (a) an anionic surfactant, (b) water and/or polyhydric alcohol, (c) tocopherol compound and (d) an oil component. Yoneda et al (WO 99/62482) teach the composition comprising surfactin sodium salt, ethyl alcohol, 1, 3-butylene glycol, castor oil, tocopherol, methylparaben and purified water (see Table 6). The reference teaches the surfactin (especially formula (1)), water, castor oil and tocopherol composition, thus, the unity of the invention is broken.
- 3. Furthermore, the MPEP states the following regarding the PCT rule 1850: Unity of invention has to be considered in the first place only in relation to the independent claims in an international application and not the dependent claims. By "dependent" claims is meant a claim which contains all the features of one or more other claims and contains a reference, preferably at the beginning, to the other claim or claims and then states the additional features claimed (PCT Rule 6.4). The examiner should bear in mid that a claim may also contain a reference to another claim even if it is not a dependent claim as defined in PCT Rule 6.4. One example of this is a claim referring to a claim of a different category (for example, "Apparatus for carrying out the process of Claim 1...," or "Process for the manufacture of the product of Claim 1...."). Similarly, a claim to one part

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4.

referring to another cooperating part, for example, "plug for cooperation with the sock of Claim 1...") is not a dependent claim. See MPEP 1850. Since an oil-based thickening gel composition and the method for improving storage stability of an oil-based thickening gel composition belong to different categories, there is lack of unity of invention.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

- Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.
- <u>All</u> claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.
- 5. In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double

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patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Election of Species

6. This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

The species are as follows:

Different lipopeptide structure;

Different polyhydric alcohol having a valence of 3 or more;

Different tocopherol compound;

Different oil component, including subgenus of polyoxyethyleneglyceryl ether fatty acid esters and polyoxyethylene sorbitol ether fatty acid esters.

- 7. Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. The reply must also identify the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.
- 8. Applicant is required to elect a single disclosed species of lipopeptide structure (wherein all of the variables are elected to arrive at a single disclosed species),

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polyhydric alcohol (if this is required), tocopherol compound and an oil component if Group 1 (oil-based thickening gel composition) or Group 2(method of improving storage stability) is elected. For example, if Group 1 is elected, Applicant elects an anionic surfactant of formula (1) wherein R is C8 alkyl, X is isoleucine, water, a-tocopherol, and castor oil.

- 9. Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).
- 10. The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner:

Claims 4-6, 8-10 and 14-16, 18.

The following claim(s) are generic: Claims 1-3, 7, 11-13, 17 and 19 are generic.

11. The species listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: Different lipopeptide structures are patentably independent and distinct because lipopeptides are peptides with attached lipids or a mixture of lipids and peptides, therefore, the peptide content may have different amino acid contents and different lipid components, leading to distinct structures. For example, a peptide having the sequence AARPQWEERAGGCDY is structurally distinct from a peptide having the sequence EYTEFWSDAYWDDERG. Further, a search for one would not necessarily lead to the other, requiring independent searches. Different polyhydric alcohols are patentably independent and distinct because of their distinct structures. For example, glycerin has

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, while lactose has the structure

and

the structure

sorbitol has the structure 5H 5H . Further, search for one would not necessarily lead to the other, requiring independent searches. A-tocopherol, b-tocopherol-g-tocopherol and d-tocopherol have the following

$$R_2$$
 R_1
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4

 α -tocopherol, $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = CH_3$ α -tocotrienol, $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = CH_3$ y-tocopherol, $R_1 = R_2 = CH_3 R_3 = H$ y-tocotrienol, $R_1 = R_2 = CH_3 R_3 = H$

β-tocopherol, R_1 = R_3 = CH_3 ; R_2 = H β-tocotrienol, R_1 = R_3 = CH_3 ; R_2 = H

 δ -tocopherol, $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = H$ δ -tocotrienol, $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = H$

structures:

Tocopherol acetate has the structure . Further, search for one would not necessarily lead to the other. Different oil components are patentably independent and distinct due to their different structures (described in specification paragraph [0037]). For example, castor oil has the structure

while isopropyl myristate has the

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structure lead to the others.

. Further, search for one would not necessarily

- 12. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.
- 13. The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.
- 14. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

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Conclusion

- 15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julie Ha whose telephone number is 571-272-5982. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 5:30 AM to 3:00 PM.
- 16. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cecilia Tsang can be reached on 571-272-0562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
- 17. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Julie Ha

Patent Examiner

ANISH GUPTA
PRIMARY EXAMINER